WEDNESDAY AUGUST 7 RECEPTION OF BRIGADIER GENERAL MORRIS AND STAFF.-Pursuant to arrangements, a large concourse of the citizens of Indianapolis assembled Tuesday evening at the Bates House to publicly receive Gen. Morris and staff, and to compliment them for their gallant deeds while in the service of their country. Capt. James Blake called the meeting to order and introduced his Excellency the Governor, who pertinently referred to the services of Gen. Morris and command in Western Virginia, and the honor they had reflected upon Indiana by their gallant deeds. The Governor, in conclusion, alluded to the crisis of the country and the necessity of a united effort to maintain the Government in its integrity, as the last hope of liberty and free institutions. He thought if the lamp of liberty was permitted to expire in the great struggle now in progress, that it might not again be re-illumed, but if success attended our arms our Government would be secure and permanent for many generations and probably centuries. The Governor complimented the citizens of Indianapolis for their generosity and patriotism. They had furnished six companies for the war, and had been liberal in furnishing means for the comfort of the troops sent from various parts of the State, as well as from this city. Day after day, while the troops had been returning from the war, had bountiful tables been spread by them, and a cordial welcome home. The Governor then introduced General Morris, who briefly and modesti" expressed his thanks for the flattering reception, and attributed the success which had attended our arms to the brave men who had volunteered to defend the Government, and whose gallantry and bravery had reflected distinguished honor upon Indiana. Brigade Major Love was then called out, and he, with the modesty of a true soldier, expressed his acknowledgments for the complimentary reception, and said that while in Virginia he was called upon to inspect a certain company, the cap tain of which doubting his capacity to meet the requirements of the service, referred him to his orderly sergeant for the necessary drill. The Major said he would make an application of this incident, and would call upon the Adjutant to speak for the staff. This brought out Lieutenant Stein. who has proved a gallant and efficient officer. The Licutenant gave a lengthy account of the services and exploits of Gen. Morris and staff in Virginia, which he remarked the newspaper correspondents had strangely overlooked. Capt. Hines, Major Wilson, Col. Benton, Major John W. Blake, Col. Lew. Wallace, Rev. Mr. Workman, the Chaplain of the Teuth Regiment, Lieut. Col. Spooner, Lieut. Col. Prather, Major Gordon and Capt. James Blake, of the Home Guards, were successively called out, and each made speeches appropriate to the occasion. The meeting was largely attended and the fair ladies of the city graced the occasion by their presence. We noticed one feature of the meeting. in which the breach would have been better than the observance. Many of the speakers were exceedingly complimentary to the Governor, and his Excellency was not deficient in his flattering notices of the gallant officers who had rallied to the defense of the stars and stripes. If the meeting had not been quite as much of a mutual admiration society, and it is natural enough that it should partake of that character under the circumstances, a better impression would have been made. It was a success however, and all praise to the gallant officers, and especially to the brave men who patriotically offered their services and lives to maintain the integrity of the Government

An exceedingly interesting incident occurred during the meeting. Young Hart, a grandson of the signer of the Declaration of Independence, and who voluntarily became a guide to our troops during the march around Rich Mountain, was presented upon the balcony. His services were of the utmost importance upon that occasion, and much of the success is due to him. Mr. Hart is no speaker, but he will be found wherever there is hard fighting to be done. Mr. Hart left home for fear of his personal safety. His father is owner of that portion of Rich Mountain where the battle was fought. He is at present the guest of Capt. James Blake of this city. We regret that our limits and the lateness of

and to perpetuate Constitutional liberty.

the hour will not permit a more extended report of the remarks of the several speakers. ABRIVAL OF THE ELEVENTH INDIANA .- This

gallant Regiment, the first to leave for the sent of war, and the last to return, arrived in the city Wednesday, about 10 A. M. They, led by Majo McGinnis, Col. Wallace being absent in Washington, proceeded up Washington street to the West Market House, where the tried, proved, true, generous and unbounded hospitality of our citizens with reference to our returned soldiers was again illustrated. Along the line of march and at the Market House, immense crowds of citizens appeared. Patriotic and matronly ladies, proud of the gallant men returning from the wars, and blushing young damsels, looking out for their lovers, with boquets bigger than a bushel basket, and smiles more glorious than all beside, made up the chief part of the throng. Indeed, it was a proud demonstration on the part of our feminine population for our brave Zouaves.

After the repast at the market house, the regiment was marched in front of the Capitol. There they were addressed, first by Ben Harrison, Esq., who was in his remarks, pathetic, eloquent and patriotic, by turns. He alluded to the banner, but a month or two previously presented to the gallant boys, from that very spot, the vestibule of the Capitol of the free State of Indiana-a banner wrought by the fairest of handsand it had been brought back untarnished. It had been brought back by heroes who were welcomed not as ancient Rome welcomed her returning conquerors with triumphal arches, and the like-but welcomed back according to the simplicity of republican institutions, by proud hearts, and hands that grasped warmly and cordially. He alluded to the recent defeat at Manassas, and said, without a doubt, every man who heard him would shoulder his musket and set his face determinedly against the foe until the star spangled banner floated everywhere triumphantly. When Mr. Harrison concluded he received three hearty cheers and a tiger.

Dr. Fry, surgeon attached to the regiment, Col. Wallace, as we have already stated, being absent. responded on behalf of the regiment. The Doctor was eloquent, and spoke as a brave soldier-plainly, bluntly, and to the point. He said the regiment had returned to remain but a short while They would then take their leave once more and perhaps forever. But a little while would they be here to receive the congratulations of their friends. Then they would be off for the wars again under the star spangled banner which should yet be unfurled in 'defiance of all rebels over every State in the Union-from the lakes on the north to the Gulf, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Governor Morton followed Dr. Fry with words of hearty welcome. The hospitality of the city and of the State was tendered to the brave soldiers. His Excellency reminded them that they were fighting for a Government.

Washington, Jefferson, Jackson and Taylor, had passed away, but the Government-the purest and best Government under the sun-remained The question now was whether that Government should be sustained-whether man was capable of self government or not? He could not doubt the issue when such brave men as he saw before him rushed to arms to maintain their free institu-

tions. Posterity would rise up and call them way from Brazil to this country. Sugar ranges When his Excellency finished he got three

cheers and a tiger.

A universal shout was then raised for Dave Hay, the hero of the skirmish near Chumberland. and his gallant band. Mr. Hay did not make his appearance, but the rest of the brave boys did. Prolonged was the glorious greeting with which

they were hailed. After the "Star Spangled Banner," "Hail Co. A Lafayettean in the Manassas Fight. umbin," "The Red, White and Blue," were beautifully discoursed by the famous regimental W. Williams, Esq., now residing at Washington, band, the soldiers, under the command of their officers, quitted the ground and the crowd dis

pocket, purchased several thousands of "War, to Major Hunt's battery. I had a very strong opera glass which I loaned to the Lieutenant of Temperance Tracts"—papers admirably adapted the gun. This kept me in that position. giving them some very practical and well-adapted are cashiered the better. ectures on the essentiality of Temperance among soldiers. After which, the tracts aforementioned were distributed. The soldiers were highly delighted with the songs, the speeches and the tracts, and seemed especially eager to get hold of the tracts.

Hitherto Dr. Boyd has been almost entirely alone in this noble work. Will not the citizens generally take an interest in a matter as closely allied to their own interests as it is to the gallant

We understand that the soldiers, in every camp visited, took the "Ellsworth" Temperance

From the Cincinnati Price Current, July 31. Financial and Commercial Summary for the Past Week.

The defeat suffered by the National troops, referred to in our last, operated seriously and unfavorably upon financial matters, and increased the want of confidence so long existing. Public States 60 day treasury notes declined 5 per cent. and for the same reason, it has been more difficapital continues to increase, but the want of us in the face; therefore, confidence makes those who hold it more cauand defeat, because the credit of no Government | the blood of our revolutionary fathers. of them responded to the news from the seat of ples inculcated by them of no more Union with

ive disaster and defeat. Money continues plenty and no trouble is experienced in obtaining it, when the security is sator 6@8 per cent, on call, but the security must be extremely good to be satisfactory.

tion; the supply has been fully up to the demand, ent sections, engender strife, hatred and ill-will but the market closes rather firmer than it was a between the people and States, and who are now

week ago. We quote: New York par 3% prem. % prem. 16 70 prem bank notes: Kentucky. Sorthern Bank. S dis. 10 dis.

Illlinois, solvent.....40@50 dis. Wheeling..... Baltimore City..... Pittsburg, except Bk of Pittsburgh, par, 2 dis North and South Carolina, Alabama, Georgia. 30 dis.

Except discredited banks 10 220 dis ******** Louisiana A considerable amount of the new sixty day treasury notes have found their way to this market, through the Quartermaster's Depart ment, but have not passed at par; they were taken at 98@99 in the beginning of the week, but subsequently declined to 95. The want of unanimity displayed by Congress, in fixing a revenue system. to meet the exigencies of the Government, is the

chief cause of the depreciation, though not the

sole cause; the other reasons we have already al-The weather has been warmer, since our last, and more seasonable, though not up to the July standard Complaints reach us from various parts of the country, regarding a drought which threatens the corn, but there were some heavy showers toward the close, and in this city and viother crops in a good condition, leaving no doubt of an abundant yield should the weather prove shows a fair average in all the States, which will | Arch Johnson addressed the immense concourse give, with the amount of old crop on hand, a large surplus for export, much larger than that of of people. Davis' speech was one of the most there has been no failure, and the quality is fair the voters of Putnam. The Democratic party of to good, rather above the average in this respect.

Flour has not been dealt in but to a limited extent; the great bulk of that offered has been made from new wheat, and does not meet the wants of bakers or city dealers who need old to \$3 60@3 70, and not much offering; extra and adopted: family comprising the great bulk of that coming "We, the Democracy of Putnam county, in New superfine may be quoted at \$3 60@ mass meeting assembled, publish the following as

wheat, and the sales for the week comprise 40, upon the principles inculcated and agreed to by 000 bushels, closing at 70@73c. for red, an 80 our forefathers of the Revolution, the mainten @83c. for white. Old very scarce, and sold at ance of the Constitution in its purity, the enforceprices fully 10c. above these quotations. There | ment of the laws by the legally authorized agents, are buyers in the market from Pittsburg, Buffalo, and the defense of our common flag by the strong Cleveland and Philadelphia. The receipts from arm of the military against all opposers of the Kentucky are quite large. Corn has been in but Constitution. noderate supply and good demand at 28c. Oats

being light; and some holders asked 24c. Rye has been in light supply and consequently dvanced to 42@43. Barley remains very-dull; two or three small lots sold during the week at adoption of the Crittenden, Border State, or some 40c for prime fall. There is but a limited de-

rate last evening. The proposition of placing a some such plan of settlement and adjustment, beduty of 2c per gallon on all distilled spirits has cause it would secure to them that Union they so W. R. 11@12c, the latter an extreme rate. Cheese unchanged and dull at 536@6c. Eggs in better supply and declined to 6@6%c per dozen. Provisions dull; the demand has been limited. warded them; and we condemn the conduct of his Excellency, Governor Oliver P. Morton, and all others, who directly or indirectly plunged us into this unnatural war with our brethren, until and the market feels heavy. The reverses of our troops had a depressing influence on the market. Bacon shoulders sold at 5c., and bulk do. at 4c., to the extent of 250 hlds., all in small lots. Bacon sides at 64.4073c., the latter for clear. We did not hear of any sales of bulk sides.
Nothing done in mess pork; it was held at \$14 50, with some inquiry at \$14@14 25. The news from New York was more favorable at the close.

Resolved. That while we are in favor of defend-About 2,300 kegs lard sold at 8½2; and 450 ing the flag of our country, and maintaining the tierces at 8c.; and at these rates there has been a supremacy of our government, by the aid of fair demand for strictly prime, and not much to the military, we do believe that ultra fanatbe had. A portion of the sales were made, de-livered at Terre Haute, Indiana. Butcher's lard sells at 6c., buyers furnishing packages. The

om 716 to 9c.; coffee 143 (@16c., and molasses Linseed oil declined to 50@51c, in the early part of the week, and very dull at that. Beef cattle are fully 25 per cental lower, and

the supply in excess of the demand. Sheep and hogs unchanged. Star candles declined 2c. per pound in the forepart of the week, and tallow 1c. with but a mod-

The following is an extract from a letter received by John S. Williams, from his brother, S.

but formerly a resident of this city: "By the way, I was at Manassas on Sunday last and was in the heat of the battle, but escaped unhurt. I left here on Saturday (horseback) at TEMPERANCE IN THE CAMP .- Dr. J. T. Boyd, of 6 P. M., and rode until 10 o'clock the same night, this city, is energetically engaged in the promo- slept in a farm house until 4 o'clock the next tion of temperance among our soldiery. With o'clock or half an hour after the first gun was but a meager assistance from the citizens, he has, fired Up to 12 o'clock I was with the "left with what he liberally contributed from his own wing," and stood alongside of a gun belonging

to the volunteers-which he distributes every | About 1 o'clock I gained Gen. Schenck's brig-Sunday to the boys in camp. Sunday, he vis. ade, and was quite near him when the rebels ited the several camps in the vicinity of the city, opened fire upon the command. The shot and shell were poured in upon us most terrifically, taking with him his little "Band of Hope"-a but did no injury to me. I was about a quarter choir composed of sweet little girls-and Dr. J. of a mile from the hospital, (a log house,) when W. Hitchcock, of Terre Haute, and Dr. J. M. the charge was made upon it by the cavalry. This Hiatt, of this city, the former entertaining the The officers were the cause of the whole disascreated the panic, which was wholly unnecessary boys with songs, and the latter, with Dr. Boyd, ter, and the sooner defunct politicians generally

> I was in the saddle from 4 o'clock in the morning until 11 at night. When I arrived at Washington I was somewhat "used up," but still I think I could stand it after a few days experience. Had nothing to cat the whole day of the battle. Rode home with Russell, of the London Times, and Raymond, of the New York Times, both of whom I was with the greater part of the day. Russell said the retreat, or "panic," was shame-

> Democratie Meeting in Union County. At a large and enthusiastic Democratic meeting at Brownsvil e, Union county, Indiana, on the 20th of July, 1861, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, One year ago when the Democracy of this county met in convention, the country was at peace and in a prosperous condition; and, WHEREAS, In the last eanyas, both State and national, we spent our time, labor, money and means freely to warn the people of the impending danger of the triumph of sectionalism;

WHEREAS, Notwithstanding our efforts, sectionalism triumphed, the magazine of disunion securities declined 4@8 per cent., and the United has exploded, commerce destroyed, the Government nearly broken up, and the people will soon be reduced to bankruptcy, confidence destroyed cult to borrow money, though the supply of idle and ruin, anarchy, civil war and desolation staring

Resolved, That we love the Union, based as it tious, and less disposed to make any investments. was on the 'Constitution, inviolate; we love the It is absurd to suppose that the credit of the Gov- stars and stripes-that noble emblem of our naernment can be sustained in the face of disaster tion's glory; that noble inheritance purchased by can, and yet this is no evidence of weakness, ne | Resolved, That we have no sympathy, aid or

arily, for during the Russian war the British | comfort for Northern Abolitionists, or their fanat funds went down to a low figure, and the prices | ical sympathizers, for the reason that the princiwar by every mail. Yet no one then supposed slaveholders, the admission of no more slave that the decline would be permanent, or that the | States into the Union, the prohibition by Congress stability of the British Empire was in danger. of slavery from the Territories, their irrepressible But notwithstanding this, we find knaves or sim | conflict, that these States can no longer live topletons now intimating that the decline in our gether in peace a part slave and a part free, but Government securities is an evidence of prospect | must all become one or the other, are principles as much subversive of the true principles of the Constitution as disunion itself.

Resolved. That we have no confidence in the sfactory, at 10@12 per cent for sixty day paper, good faith and efficiency of many of the present self-constituted, par excellent Union savans, who have heretofore acted in such a piratical, section Exchange ruled without any quotable altera al manner as to destroy confidence in the differ denouncing every person who does not join in the hue and cry in favor of the present Administra-% prem. tion's war policy, and bow down at the shrine of the Chicago platform as traitors to their country. The following are the quotations for uncurrent Such men are not safe lights to look to for the purpose of restoring harmony to our distracted but once glorious and happy Union.

Resolved, That whereas our Government was formed by compromise, we recommend that a fair, equitable and conciliatory compromise be made, alike honorable to all sections in their constitutional and just rights.

Resolved, That we reverence and obey all laws emanating from the proper source, but will resist with all our united force, all military despotism and mob law inaugurated among us for the avowed purpose of suppressing freedom of expression. either of the press or of speech.

Resolved, That while we are in favor of defending the flag of the country and maintaining the supremacy of our Government, we are opposed to the prosecution of this war for the purpose of freeing slaves, or in any way to interfere with the constitutional rights of any of the people or

Resolved. That we earnestly desire that peace and harmony may abound in our immediate neighborhood, in our county, in our State, and, if possible, throughout the United States. Resolved, That we recommend the holding of

Democratic meetings throughout our county, giving our views on the present crisis. Resolved. That the foregoing resolutions be published in the Indiana State Sentinel and Cin-

WILLIAM WATT, President,

F. M. LEECH, Secretary.

Meeting of the Democracy of Putnam County.

GREENCASTLE, IND., July 29, 1861. EDITOR SENTINEL-Enclosed please find the proceedings, resolutions, &c., of a Democratic mass meeting held in this place on last Saturday. cinity an unusual heavy rain fell yesterday. The By a resolution of the meeting you are requested accounts from the country represent the corn and to publish the same in your journal. The meeting was the largest ever held in Putnam county, and favorable the coming month. Wheat has been the greatest enthusiasm and good order prevailed. all harvested throughout the West, and the result | Judge Franklin, Hon. John G. Davis and Hon. 1860; because the crop failed that year in some effective we have ever listened to. The spirit of sections, whilst it was good in others, but this year | compromise is the avowed policy of two thirds of this county can not be abolitionized.

> Yours truly, &c., J. A. S. At a mass meeting of the Democracy of Put-

mix with it, which being in very light supply has nam county, held on Saturday, July 27, 1861, at been in good demand, whilst new has met with a Greencastle, Indiana, James D. Scott, Esq., slow sale. New superfine would sell at \$3 50@ chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, re-3 60 to a considerable extent, but it is held at ported the following, which were unanimously

3 70; old at \$3 75@3 80; new extra \$3 80@
4 00; old \$4 00@4 25; new family \$4 25@
4 00; and old \$4 50@4 75.

| Application of the sense of the meeting:
| *Resolved*, That we are still, as heretofore, unconditionally in favor of the Federal Constitution. There has been a large export demand for the union of all the States both North and South,

Resolved, That we sincerely and honestly beunchanged, but closed firm at 23e .- the receipts | lieve that the present difficulties of our National Union might have been honorably settled, and to the entire satisfaction of every section of the country, at the last session of Congress, by the other compromise of a similar character, and it is our full conviction that the people of the North-Whisky advanced to 14c and closed firm at this west were, by immense majorities, in favor of influence upon the market. Butter is un- much love, and would leave them that prosperity inged. Prime central Ohio brings 9@10c, and with which honest industry has heretofore re-

grocery market has been quiet but very firm, as regards sugar and molasses. The feeling in coffee has been less buoyant, as the disposition of Congress seems to be in favor of a less duty than was expected, and the stock in the country is when perverted so as to interfere with the con-large, and over 100,000 bags known to be on the stitutional rights of any of the people of the sev-

eral States, we will then vote against men and noney and the prosecution of the war. Resolved, That we condemn the conduct o the President of the United States, in usurping the power of Congress "to raise and support

armies." and "to provide and maintain a navy. Resolved, That as there is an honest difference opinion among the American people in regard to the subject of slavery, as enunciated Constitution; therefore, we are in favor of an amendment to the Constitution that will exressly state the right of the people in regard to the subject, and put to an eternal sleep the nigger uestion, which has agitated our country for the

Resolved, That the right to a free interchange of thought and opinion, and the power to speak, write, and print freely, on any subject whatever, are constitutional rights which can only be preserved by their free use, and eternal vigilance in heir defense, and are formidable to tyrants only. Resolved, That the Democratic State Central committee he requested to call a State Conven ion of the Democratic party, at an early day, to take into consideration the condition of the country, and what action the Democracy of Indiana

Resolved. That the community, en masse, be requested to turn out to welcome our brave soldiers | \$1 to their homes and friends on their return to this Resolved That the Press, State Sentinel, Cin-

cinnati Enquirer, New York Day Book, and all papers friendly to compromise, be requested to ARCHIBALD JOHNSTON, President, H. W. DANIELS, Secretary.

A Kansas Abolitionist in the Senate. It would seem that the country had been suffieiently afflicted, by the operation of Gen. Pomeroy and Gen. Lane, in connection with Kansas every family. Belonging to this class may be mentioned affairs, without suffering fresh disgrace from their Blood Pills—which are most excellent preparations, and presence in the United States Senate. In the have the desired effect in all cases for which their use in course of political events, both of these men intended. Like thousands of others, we bear persona have succeeded in obtaining seats in the Senate. after having been quartered, in some form or other, upon the generosity of the public, from the recent period.

The first act of Pomerov in his new position, at least the first of any public importance, is the introduction of a bill entitled "An Act to Suppress the Slaveholders' Rebellion," but in fact a bill for overthrowing the Constitution of the United States. After reciting that the present war is a war by slaveholders for upholding slavery, and that under the clause of the Constitution "to provide for the common defense and general welfare," the Government has the right to abolish slavery, the bill goes on to declare as

Therefore, By virtue of the Constitution, a herein set forth, and as a great military necessity forced upon us by the rebeinou, Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, there shall be erry of Dr. Roback, originated with one of the oldest and

no slavery or involuntary servitude in any of the | most eminent Medical Practitioners of the West, and States of this Union that claim to have seconded it is directly predicated upon the wants of Western peofrom the Government, and are in open and armed ple.

These bitters derive their stimulus from the powerful resistance to the execution of the laws and the tonic nature of the roots and herbs of which they are provisions of the Constitution of the United States;

Be it further enacted, That, immediately upon the passage of this act, the President of the Uni- widely known the public welfare is subserved ted States shall cause his proclamation to be is- It will soon be for sale by all of Dr. Roback's numerous sued, setting forth the immediate and uncondimarion of all persons held as slaves in any of the aforesaid States, under the laws in Quart Bottles, and securely packed in one dozen cases, thereof; and also ordering all officers to give protection to all such emancipated slaves as shall ask it, and accept the services of all who may tender them in behalf of the Government, if in the judgment of such officers such services shall be useful or necessary to the prosecution of this

This is the culmination of the anti-slavery sentiment-the result to which it must arrive, unless those who support and sustain it, for personal and ambitious ends, shall stop short of this last and fatal blow to our federal system. The question is not whether slavery is right or wrong, whether it is beneficial or otherwise to the country, but whether the Constitution and the Government established by our fathers shall be maintained or subverted.

The success of Senator Pomeroy's plan would be a complete and final breaking down of the man diseases in which the checks and guards of the Constitution, an arbitrary exercise of power in defiance of the funda- | VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES mental law. It will not pass the Senate at the present session; it may not obtain any considerable support; but it is a frank avowal of the antislavery, anti republican brauch of the people, and will as surely be enforced, as the war goes on and the party in power maintains its control of the Government. It is in fact advanced Republican ism, those who do not yet see the propriety of subscribing to the doctrine, being voted slow and insound, by the zealous advocates of abolition by Federal power-by Presidential proclamation. To hold their influence and position as party leaders, the members of the Government must yield to the popular clamor, of which General Pomeroy is the representative in the Senate of

Events follow each other in such quick succession, that it is difficult to say how long we shall have left the semblance of the Government under these important organs, and hence have ever been found a which we have so long, as a nation, prospered, certain ren The history of the French Revolution furnishes no parallel to the rapidity with which the people drifted on, in the last few months, towards the and all the humors. overthrow of our political system. Whoever shall write the history of the United States for the present period, will be compelled to record a sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect despotism, from Republican Government to a in the clearness of the skin. Common Colds and Influ centralized power, than often occurs in the his-

tory of nations .- N. Y. Jour. of Com. The Part which Mr. Biddle, M. C., from Ohio, took in the Fight. Mr. Ripple, member of Congress from Ohio,

writes a letter to the Cleveland Leader, concerning his experience at the battle of Manassas, from which we make the following extract: Well the further they (the soldiers) ran, the more frightened they grew, and although we Scrofula in its worst forms, yield to the mild yet powerful

The heat was awful, although now about six; the men were exhaueted-their mouths caped, their lins cracked and blackened with the powder of the cartridges they had bitten off; their eyes starting in frenzy-no mortal ever saw such a mass of ghasty wretches.

As we passed the poor demented, exhausted wretches who could not climb into the high, cl- se baggage wagons, they made irantic efforts to get on to and into our carriage. They grasped it everywhere, and got on to it, and into it, and over it, and implored us every way to take them on. We had to be rough with them. At first they loaded us down almost to a stand still, and we had to push them off and throw them out. Finally Brown and I, with a pistol each, kept them out, although one poor devil got in in spite of us, and we lugged the coward two miles. I finally opened the door, and he was tumbled out.

The Cincinnati Commercial says: The people of Cleveland should give Mr. RIDDLE a reception

We call special attention to this statement of this Republican member of Congress. Could the brave volunteers, in the condition he describes them? He says "the men were exhausted—their mouths gaped, their lips cracked and blackened with the powder of the contribute them had blacked their mouths gaped, their lips cracked and blackened with the powder of the contribute them had blacked their mouths gaped, their lips cracked and blacked them had blacked the mouth of the contribute them. The mouth of the contribute them had blacked them had blacked them had blacked them. Bready, Hancock county, discussion of the contribute them. with the powder of the cartridges they had bitten off in the battle; their eyes starting in frenzy,' and in such a condition they pleaded for help, but this sympathizing Republican Congressman, with a pistol, kept the "cowards," as he terms them, off from his carriage; but one "poor devil," in spite of him, he lugged two miles, yet finally tumbled him out. Such is the way a Republican Congressman treats the men who volunteered to SAVE YOUR LIVES AND PROPERTY defend the honor and maintain the integrity of the Government. Does patriotism influence Mr. Ripple in his support of the war? If so, would he thus heartlessly allude to the men who volunteered their services and risked their lives to vindicate the honor of the flag which this Republican Congressman professes to hold in such high regard? Mr. RIDDLE foreibly illustrates that there is more of party than patriotism in the unnatural war in which the Gov- case of an obstruction in the pump or water pipes. One ernment is involved, and which would have been woided, or its extent materially circumscribed, if the dominant party had in the last or even in the present Congress manifested any disposition to commodate the questions at issue by an hotor

Notice to Musicians.—First class musicians wanted, to fill up the band of the 19th regiment, (Col. Meredith.) Those desirous of going will report themselves immediately, to Earl Reid and Jas. H. Birt, at Camp Morton.

able and equitable adjustment.

MEDICAL.

Diseases PHARMACY.

ARIBING FROM IMPURITIES DR. C. W. ROBACK. Obstructions Scandinavian BLOOD Medicine.

FOR THE

Preservation

AND CURE OF

celebrated Scandinavian Blood Purifier and Blood Pills, and also dealer in all Genuine Family ses, No. 6 East Fourth St., Secretions. Certified to by Morris Morris, Esq., Rev. Mr. McMullen, Price of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Purifier, \$1 per bottle, or \$5 per half dozen. Of the Scaneinavian Vegetable Blood Pills, 25 cents per box, or five boxes for

Read Dr. Roback's Special Notices and Certificates, lished in a conspicuous part of this paper from time to Dr. Roback's Medical Almonac and Family Adviser, containing a great variety of interesting and valuable medical information, can be had gratis of any of his Agents throughout the country.

[From the Mishawaka (St. Jos Co., Ind. Enterprise, Feb 2, 1861.]

Worthy of Merit. he head of Parent Medicines, it is a relief to know that some of them are valuable preparations—will do what is claimed for them—and are worthy of use and a place in witness to this, having used them in our family with the best effects. We are also acquainted with many who speak coluntarily in praise of these medicines. other, upon the generosity of the public, from the time of their first entrance into Kansas, up to a recent period.

One of our leading business men says that by the use of only four bottles of Purifier he received more than one hundred dollars worth of benefit. His difficulty was Dys-

epsia. We express our thanks for a liberal present of ese remedies for use in our family For sale in Marion County by W. B. Vickers, Indianapolis Robt. Browning, do.; Perkins & Co., do.; H. Rosengarten do.; Egner & Wocher, do.; W. T. Hurd, Southport; R. H. ger, Castleton; Warren & Steacy, Farmersville; W. T. Yeaman, Bridgeport; and by Druggists and Merchants

A New Article. Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters.

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DYSPEI'SIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first econd stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy nstead of the stale and acrid kind; Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Heartburn, Hearlache, Restlessness, Ill-temper Anxiety, Langer and Melanchety, which are the genera ymptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish as a natural conse-COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation through the process of perspiration in such cases and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruc-

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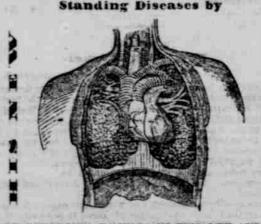
SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS and bad complexion, by the ternate effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and th morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints enza will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the PILES.-The originator of these medicines was cured of Piles of thirty-five years' standing, by the use of the Life

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ing any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreesble taste renders it easy to administer them to children. BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

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I advise every one who has a Cough or a Husky Voice or a Bad Breath, or any difficulty of the Throat, to get

package of my Throat Confections, they will relieve you instantly, and you will agree with me that "they go right

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Worthy of any confidence for restoring the

Bald or Gray

Or Your Hair Needs a Tonic,

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HAIR RESTORATIVE

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FOR STATESMEN, JUDGES, CLERGYMEN,

Ladies and gentlemen, in all parts of the world testify to the efficacy of Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, and tlemen of the press are unanimous in its praise. A few testimonials only can here be given; see circular for more, and it will be impossible for you to doubt.

PROF. S. THALBERG, PIANIST. says on his arrival in the United States, he was rapidly becoming gray, but on applying Wood's Hair Restorative, his hair soon recovered its original hue. CHARLES CARDEW, 13 NASSAU ST., N. Y.,

Says the gray hairs on his wife's head were, after a few weeks' trial, turned into a dark brown, at the same time beautilying and A. C. RAYMOND, BATH, MAINE, Says he is now sixty years old, and his hair and whiskers were two-thirds gray, but by

the use of two bottles of the Restorative, the

gray hairs have disappeared, both on mi-head and face, and is more soft and glossy than for twenty-five years previous. His wife, at the age of fifty-two, has used it with the

FINLEY JOHNSON, ESQ., NEW ORLEANS, Says that he lost his hair by the Yellow Fever and his hair is now thick and glossy. M. MIDDLETON, LIVINGSTON, ALABAMA,

says the Restorative has done much good in his part of the country. He used it for bald-uess and now had a fine head of hair. T. L. MORSE, LEBANON, KENTUCKY, Says he has seen Wood's Hair Restorative

used in-hundreds of cases, and never knew it to fall in accomplishing all it professes to A. J. ALDEN, McLANESBORO', ILL., Says he had the scald head eight years, and was bald, but by the liberal use of Wood' Hair Restorative, he now has a rich, gloss

LIGOSIER, Noble county, Inliana, Feb. 5, 1453.

Prof. O. J. Wood, Dear Sir-In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending to the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the whole upper part of my scalp was entirely bereft of its covering. much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after became gray, so that you will not be surprised when I tell you that upon my return to the State of indiana, my more casual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance, as my more intimate acquaint ances to recognize me at all.

I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but receiving no assurances them that my hair could again be restored, I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until fortunately in the latter part of the year 1857, your restorative was recon mended to me by a druggist, as being the most reliable Hair Restorative in use. Itried one bottle, and found to my great satisfaction that it was producing the desired effect. Since that time I have used seven dollars' worth

very soft black hair, which no money can buy.

As a mark of my gratitude for your labor and skill in the production of so wonderful an article, I have recommended its use to many of my friends and acquaintances, who, I am happy to inform you, are using it with like effect. Very respectfully. A. M. LATTA, Attorney and Counselor at Law. OAK GROVE, S. C., June 24, 1859

of your Restorative, and as a result, have a rich coat of

Prof O. J. Wood: Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative is rapidly gaining popularity in this community. There had occasion to lay prejudice aside, and give your Hair Restorative a perfect test.

During the year 1854, I was so unfortunate as to be thrown from my sulky against a rock near the road side, from which my head received a most terrible blow, causing a great deal of irritation, which communicated to the brain and external surface of the head, frem the effect of which my hair was finally destroyed over the entire sur-face of the head. From the time I first discovered its dropping, however, up to the time of its total disappearance, I employed everything I could think of, being a pro-fessional man myself; and, as I thought understanding the

nature of the disease, but was finally defeated in every prescription advanced. These and no other circumstances induced me to resort to your worthy Hair Restorative, which I have every reason to belive produced a very happy result; two months after the first application, I had as beautiful a head of young hair as I ever saw, for which I certainly owe you my most sincere thanks. Eest assured, dear sir, I shall

recommend your remedy to all inquirers; moreover, I shall use my influence, which I flatter myself to say, is not

You can publish this if you think proper.
Yours, very respectfully,
M. J. WRIGHT, M. D. Office of the Jeffersonian, Phillippi, Va., Dec. 12, '58. Dear Sir.—I feel it my duty as well as my pleasure, to state to you the following circumstances, which you can use as you think proper. A gentleman of this place, (a lawyer,) has been bald ever since his early youth, so much so that he was compelled to wear a wig. He was induced to use a bottle of your "Hair Restorative," which he liked very much; and after using some two or three bottles his hair grew out quite luxuriantly, and he now has a handsome head of hair. The gentleman's name is Bradford, and he is very well known in our adjoining counties, many persons can testify to the truth of this statement; I give it to you at the request of Bradford. You can sell a great deal of your Hair Restorative in this

and the adjoining counties if you have the proper agents
Yours, &c., THOMPSON SUNGHNOR. Chesren, S. C., 30th July, 4859. Prov. O. J. Wood-Dear Sir: I take pleasure in recognmending your Hair Bestorative as a most excellent cure for scald head. My son was suffering very much from this disease, and after using one bottle, was made perfectly well. I recommended it to others who had discuss of the head, and in all cases it had the desired effect.. You can mend it without fear as a most certain cure for scal sead. Many others will certify that this and many other

cases was cured from the use of your most valuable Hair Respectfully yours, GEORGE McSUAIN. Restorative. The New York Day Book says:
"The majority of Hair Washes, Hair Dyes, Hair Tonics.
Hair Oils, and the numberless preparations which are now before the public under such extravagant, hyperbolical and fantastic titles as we see paraded in show window cards and newspaper headings, as hair preparations, are all humbugs of the first water; their real merit, when they possess any, is, that they do no harm. HOG'S LARD, WHALE OIL, LARD OIL, SWEET OIL, scented and colored, make up, when in beautiful wrappers and white flint glass bottles, the costlest character of tonics: and when thus costly are baptized with some trisyllable term, and caught at by verdant young and old of both sexes. Such is not the character of Prof. Wood's Hair consider them indispensable. You will find them at the Restorative. This gentlemen comes before the world without any "high faltin" Xilophiloforium, or any other astounding or startling catchpenny terms; he simply advertises a Hair Restorative—what it expresses, firecisely-and as a Restorative it acts. Buy Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative; and, as you value your scalp, aye, you very brains, apply nothing else; for it may be that you will get some worse substance than perfumed land oil on your cranium. Remember, Wood's Restorative for the

bair is the best article extant." STWILL, BY NATURE'S OWN PROCESS RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO THE ORIGINAL COLOR, Will make it grow on Bald Heads, Will restore the natural secretions Will remove at once all itching,

Will cure all eruptions-even scald Will make the hair soft and glossy, Will make the old appear young again, Will preserve the color of bair to old age, Will always fasten it and stop its falling, And is one of the best toilet articles for the hair now in

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complexion, Use Prof. Wood's hair restorative If you wish a face freef rom pimples, Use Prof. Wood's hair restorative you wish to appear young, Use Prof. Wood's hair restorative

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